Name	E COLD \	NAR (1947-1991)
MAIN ISSUE:		
AN	MERICA	SOVIET UNION
* Ele	ctions	*No Elections (or were fixed)
*Democratic		*Autocratic/
*		*Communist
*"Survival of t	he Fittest"	*Everybody helps
*Richest world		*Poor economic base
*Personal free	edom	*Society controlled by the NKVD ()
*Freedom of the		*Total censorship
Describe the relationship between the U.S. & Soviet Union:	Prior to World War : During World War II	
TRUMAN DOCTRINE:	1947 - Stated the Un countries whom tried to take over	ited States would support nations
TYPES OF WAR		
I) HOT WAR	Actual All talks have failed o	and the armies are
2) WARM WAR	outcome; Militaries h	there is a chance of have been fully dy for the command to fight
3) COLD WAR	Sides do not actually their beliefs using ot	/, but fight for her nations who fought

RED SCARE (Late 1940s- Early 1950s)	Hysteria in America over the perceived threat posed by in the U.S. Communists were often referred to as "" for their allegiance to the red Soviet flag
MCARTHYISM	Practice of making accusations ofwithout proper regard for evidence. (Named after Senator Joseph McCarthy who many prominent Americans of being Communists during the Red Scare)
BERLIN CRISIS 1948-1949	Germany was divided into sections after World War II, the capital, was located in the Soviet Union zone, but control of the city was also split into four zones among the four nations The Soviets cut off all to Western Berlin so the Allies had to supplies into the people of West Berlin In 1949, the Soviets finally lifted the
NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organization	Created in April of 1949 in reaction to a fear that Europeans and Americans had of Soviet Union attacking and taking over other countries during the Cold War; still exists today
ARMS RACE August 29 th , 1949	The Soviet Union successfully tested their first, shocking the world and starting the arms race between Soviets and Americans; Each nation spent BILLIONS throughout the Cold War on weapons
PROXY WAR	Two opposing countries avoiding war, but support combatants that serve their interests
KOREAN WAR 1950-1953	North Korea:; supported by Soviet Union, China South Korea: Anti-Communist; supported by United Nations, Great Britain,
E STATE OF THE STA	The war ended with little resolution and the countries remain today North Korea is still ruled by a regime

WARSAW PACT	Formed as a reaction to by the Soviet Union and their eastern European allies (1955)		
VIETNAM WAR 1955-1975	North Vietnam: pro-Communist; supplied by Communist and Communist China. South Vietnam: anti-Communist; supplied by; Reunited in 1976		
SPACE RACE 1955	Began when the Soviet Union and United States said they planned to launch into space		
SUEZ CRISIS 1956	Occurred in the Middle East starting with Egypt taking control of the Suez, an important manmade waterway, so they could make money from people using it Israel, France, and Great Britain attacked to make the canal free again; eventually they withdrew troops, and the canal became free		
SPACE RACE 1957	The Russians placed the first successful satellite, I (Russian for "traveler"), into orbit In 1958, Americans successfully launched their first satellite,		
BAY OF PIGS INVASION 1961	United States sent trained Cuban exiles to Cuba to try and overthrow Fidel Castro's communist government, but miserably It was an embarrassment for and the U.S.		
BERLIN WALL (1961)	East Berlin- Soviet Union, West Berlin- United States & Allies, A was built into 1961 to divide the two		
CUBAN MISSILE CRISIS (1962)	Occurred after the Soviet Union installed missiles in Cuba; The United States would not allow this installation and after tense days and many secret negotiations, the Soviet Union agreed to remove them; The event was perhaps the closest the United States and the Soviet Union came to a nuclear during the Cold War		
MIKHAIL GORBACHEV	(1985) Became leader of the Soviet Union and introduced new to improve the Soviet Union		
BERLIN WALL 1989	The Berlin Wall dividing the two parts of the capital of Germany is		
COLLAPSE OF SOVIET UNION	Gorbachev was overthrown and the Soviet Union collapses; Boris became the new President of Russia The Cold War ends after years of tension		